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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/602,453	06/23/2003	Leslie James Record	NWISP026	9359	
22434 7	590 02/22/2005		EXAM	EXAMINER	
BEYER WEAVER & THOMAS LLP			CHANG, YEAN HSI		
P.O. BOX 702:	50				
OAKLAND, CA 94612-0250			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2835		

DATE MAILED: 02/22/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/602,453	RECORD ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
,	Yean-Hsi Chang	2835			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. O (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 23 June 2003.					
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ⊠ This	This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final.				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims		•			
4) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-26</u> is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-11 and 14-26</u> is/are rejected. 7) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>12 and 13</u> is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration.				
Application Papers					
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.					
10) \boxtimes The drawing(s) filed on <u>23 June 2003</u> is/are: a) \boxtimes accepted or b) \square objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priori application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	have been received. have been received in Application ity documents have been receive (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No d in this National Stage			
Attachment(s)		•			
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)/Mail Date					
 Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>9/25/03</u>. 		te atent Application (PTO-152)			

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 1. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 - The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 2. Claims 15 and 19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

In claims 15 and 19, the limitation, "the plurality of disk drive carrier types are provided by any of Newisys Inc., International Business Machines, Compaq Computers, Hewlett-Packard, and Dell Computers", claimed is unclear and indefinite, because the specific specs of the disk drive carrier types are not given.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 4. Claims 18, 20-21 and 23-25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Carteau (US 6,292,360 B1).

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Carteau teaches a disk drive carrier chassis (40, fig. 15) being configured to receive each of a plurality of disk drive carrier cages (20, figs. 11 and 13), each of the disk drive carrier cages being configured to receive a corresponding one of a plurality of different disk drive carrier types (32 and 33) (claim 18); a carrier cage receptacle (40) which is configured to receive each of the plurality of disk drive carrier cages (see fig. 18) (claim 20); a backplane (41) affixed to the disk drive carrier chassis and comprising a first connector (shown in fig. 15), wherein the carrier cage receptacle and the plurality of disk drive carrier cages are configured to facilitate connection between the first connector and a second connector (shown in fig. 15) on each of the disk drive carrier types (see fig. 18) (claim 21); wherein the chassis is configured to receive more than one of the disk drive carrier cages simultaneously (see figs. 16-18) (claim 23); wherein the more than one of the disk drive carrier cages correspond to a single disk drive carrier type (see fig. 16) (claim 24); wherein the more than one of the disk drive carrier cages correspond to multiple disk drive carrier types (fig. 18) (claim 25).

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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6. Claims 1-11, 14, 16-17 and 26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Wong (US 5,790,374) in view of Gallagher et al. (US 6,628,513 B1).

Wong teaches a computer system (fig. 1) comprising a disk drive carrier chassis (21) configured to receive each of a plurality of disk drive carrier cages (upper and lower cages), each of the disk drive carrier cages being configured to receive a corresponding one of a plurality of disk drive carrier types (carrier types for 3.5" and 5.25"; see col. 2, lines 64-65), the computer system further comprising a backplane (23) coupled to the carrier chassis, the backplane comprising: a connector (24) for interfacing with a corresponding connector (32) on one of the carrier types; and a plurality of status indicator arrays (27), each of the arrays corresponding to one of the carrier types and being operable to transmit disk drive status information (see col. 3, lines 32-35), each of the arrays being positioned to interface with a corresponding status interface (29) on the corresponding carrier type (claims 1-3 and 26); at least one shorting jumper (29 may be considered as a jumper) or at least one switch (the coupling between 27 and 29 may considered as a switch) to effect gating of the signals (claims 4-5); wherein the signals comprise any of an activity signal from the particular one of the carrier types, a power signal, a fault signal from the particular one of the carrier types, and a fault signal derived from an external source (see col.3, lines 32-35) (claim 6); wherein the connector comprises a SCA-2 connector as defined by the ANSI T-10 Committee for SCSI interfaces (SCA-2 connectors are available on-the-shelf) (claim 7); wherein each of the status indicator arrays comprises at least one light source (27) operable to transmit the disk drive status information (see col.3, lines 32-35) (claims 8-9); a light pipe (29)

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adapter operable to facilitate connection between one of the status indicator arrays and the status interface of the corresponding carrier type (claim 10); wherein the one of the

the status interface of the corresponding carrier type (claim 10); wherein the one of the status indicator arrays comprises a first number of light sources (27), the light pipe adapter being operable to facilitate transmission of the disk drive status information from the first number of light sources to a second number of status indicators (25) via the status interface (29) of the corresponding carrier type (claim 11); wherein each of the status indicator arrays comprises at least one electrical contact operable to transmit the disk drive status information (27 may have an electrical contact) (claim 16); and wherein the at least one electrical contact represents any of a drive activity signal, a fault signal,

Wong fails to teaches the connector of the backplane interfacing with a corresponding connector on <u>each of the plurality of disk drive carrier types</u>.

and a power signal (see col. 3, lines 32-35) (claim 17).

Gallagher teaches a disk drive backplane (322, fig. 7) for interfacing with a plurality of disk drive carrier types (700 and 800), the backplane comprising: a connector (500) for interfacing with a corresponding connector (for example, 708) on each of the carrier types (claims 1, 14 and 26).

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the device of Wong with the backplane taught by Gallagher for providing a backplane being capable of interfacing with a plurality of disk drive carrier types.

7. Claim 22 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Carteau in view of Wong.

Carteau discloses the claimed invention except the backplane further comprising a plurality of status indicator arrays, each of the arrays corresponding to at least one of the carrier types and being operable to transmit disk drive status information, each of the arrays being positioned to interface with a corresponding status interface on the at least one corresponding carrier type.

Wong teaches a disk drive carrier chassis (21, fig. 1) comprising a backplane (23) affixed to the disk drive carrier chassis, including a plurality of status indicator arrays (27) being operable to transmit disk drive status information (see col. 3, lines 32-35), and being positioned to interface with a corresponding status interface (29) on the at least one corresponding carrier type (see fig. 4).

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the device of Carteau with the backplane taught by Wong for indicating the status of the disk drive.

Allowable Subject Matter

8. Claims 12 and 13 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

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9. The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter: The best prior art of record, Carteau (US 6,292,360 B1), Wong (US 5,790,374), and Gallagher et al. (US 6,628,513 B1), taken alone or in combination, fails to teach or fairly suggest a disk drive backplane comprising: a first number of light sources of one of a plurality of status indicator arrays of the disk drive backplane, being greater than a second number of status indicators receiving status information from the first number of light sources via light pipes as set forth in claim 12, or fewer than a second number of status indicators receiving status information from the first number of light sources via light pipes as set forth in claim 13.

Correspondence

10. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Yean-Hsi Chang whose telephone number is (571) 272-2038. The examiner can normally be reached on 07:30 - 16:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the Art Unit phone number is (571) 272-2800, ext. 35. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 305-3431 for regular communications and for After Final communications. There are RightFax numbers and provide the fax sender with an auto-reply fax verifying receipt by the USPTO: Before-Final (703-872-9318) and After-Final (703-872-9319).

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Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 305-8558.

Yean-Hsi Chang Primary Examiner Art Unit: 2835 February 18, 2005

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